

Prospective Payment System (PPS)

Program Review and Evaluation
Health Budgets and Financial
Policy

OASD(Health Affairs)

Data Quality

Sep 2010



Resourcing the Direct Care System for Value

The Direct Care System (DCS) is the heart of military medicine and provides:

- a ready to deploy medical capability
- a medically ready force
- delivery of the health benefit to warriors and their families

..but at the appropriate value?

Outputs (Activities) + Outcomes (Readiness, Population Health) + Customer satisfaction

Resources (MilPers, appropriations, reimbursements)



Creating Breakthrough Performance in the MHS



Agenda

- Current PPS Production and Valuation
 - How PPS values production
 - Changes for FY10
 - External Workload reporting
 - FY10 Rates
 - Rebase, Program and Workload Guarantee
- *CMS RVU Review/Adjustment (?)*
- Performance Based Planning
- Issues for Consideration in Data Quality



PPS Value of Care

- Value of MTF Workload
 - Fee for Service rate for workload produced
- Rates based on price at which care can be purchased
 - TMAC rates
 - Not MTF costs
- Computed at MTF level but allocated to services
 - Rolled up to Services



TMAC versus PPS

Civilian

- Inpatient
 - Institutional
 - Hospital (MS-DRG)
 - Including ancillaries, pharmacy
 - Professional (RVU)
 - Surgeon
 - Anesthesiologist
 - Rounds
 - Consultants
- Outpatient
 - Professional (RVU)
 - Institutional (APC)
- Outpatient Ancillary
 - (RVU/Fee Schedule)

Direct Care PPS

- Inpatient (RWP, i.e. MS-DRG)
 - All Institutional and Professional
 - Hospital
 - Including ancillaries, pharmacy
 - Surgeon
 - Anesthesiologist
 - Internist
 - Consultants
- Outpatient
 - Professional (RVU)
 - Institutional (APC)
 - Emergency Room and Same Day Surgery
- Outpatient Ancillary (Pass Thru)
 - None



Workload Measure Changes to PPS for FY10

- Move to MS-DRG from DRG
- Change from Simple Work RVU only to Enhanced Work + NonFacility Practice RVU
- Addition of APCs for facility



DRG Comparison

- Historical DRG
 - System to classify hospital cases into one of approximately 500 groups
 - System in use since approximately 1983, with minor updates on a yearly basis
 - Calculated for TRICARE using CMS method just for our beneficiaries with-in Purchased Care claims
- MS-DRG – Severity Adjusted DRGs
 - System used to differentiate levels of complexity for the DRGs
 - Approximately 750 different groups
 - CMS implemented in 2008
 - TRICARE implemented in 2009



Potential Impact of moving to MS-DRG

- Comparison of Rolling 12 information using both old DRG, and new MS-DRG to an FY07 baseline
- If we had used MS-DRGs, all Services would have seen a net increase

RWP vs MS-DRG RWP (MS-DRG Accepted last meeting)						Service
	RWP Diff	RWP Value Diff	MS-RWP Diff	MS-RWP Value Diff		Net Difference
Army	253	\$ 7,585,554	1,142	\$ 18,391,215	\$	10,805,661
Navy	(3,799)	\$ (39,720,559)	(2,952)	\$ (31,785,796)	\$	7,934,763
Air Force	(772)	\$ (5,356,616)	(157)	\$ 1,763,988	\$	7,120,604



RVU comparison

- Old Method
 - Uses Work RVU for all payments
 - Work RVU only represents provider portion
 - Payments based on Product Lines
 - Defined by MEPRS codes
 - Significant variation in rates (\$38/RVU to \$330/RVU)
 - Rates based on Allowed Amount from Purchased Care claims divided by Work RVUs
- New Total RVU method
 - Uses both Work and Practice RVUs for payments
 - Practice RVU represents the cost of the staff/office/equipment
 - Provides appropriate credit for equipment intensive procedures
 - Allows for a Standard Rate per RVU
 - Can use same rate as Purchase Care
 - Used with Ambulatory Payment Classification (APCs)
 - Facility charges now available for ER and Same Day Surgery
 - Consistent with TRICARE change for CY09



Geographic Practice Cost Index (GPCI)

- Based on Medicare locality Adjustments
- Different rates for Work and Non-Facility Practice
 - Work
 - Generally 1.0 +, max 1.5 for Alaska
 - Non-Facility Practice
 - Range 0.803 (part of Missouri) to 1.342 (part of California)
- Payment Amount
 - Multiply the RVU for each component times the GPCI for that component



Expansion of PPS for External Workload

- Valuation to began in FY2008
 - All reporting will be considered “new” workload
 - Standardized reporting method across Services
- External Partnerships (5400) and VA facilities (2000)
 - Differentiate Professional Service vs Facility Charges
- Payment based on Total RVU
 - Enhanced (Work + Facility Practice)
 - Standard Rate similar to CMS
 - Not Product Line specific - FY10 same as all RVUs
 - Professional Providers only
 - MEPRS A & B codes only
- Still must solve DoD Circuit Rider workload reporting



Current PPS Workload

- Inpatient – MEPRS A Workcenters
 - Non-Mental Health – Severity Adjusted DRGs
Relative Weighted Products (RWPs)
 - Mental Health - Bed Days
- Outpatient – MEPRS B Workcenters
 - Enhanced Work + Practice Relative Value Units (RVUs)
 - Excluding Generic Providers and Nurses
 - Ambulatory Payment Classification (APCs)
 - Facility charges now available for Emergency Room (ER) and Same Day Surgery (SDS)
 - Consistent with TRICARE change for CY09



Valuing MHS Workload

Fee for Service Rates FY10 (FY11)

- Value per MS-RWP - \$9,107 (MEPRS A codes) FY11 (\$9,535)
 - Average amount allowed
 - Including institutional and professional fees
 - Excluding MH/SA
 - Adjusted for local Wage index and Indirect Medical Education Adjustment (IME)
- Value per Mental Health Bed Day - \$769 (MEPRS A codes)
 - FY11(\$823)
 - Average amount allowed
 - Including institutional and professional fees
 - Adjusted for local Wage index and Indirect Medical Education Adjustment (IME)
- Value per RVU - \$36 (MEPRS B codes) FY11 (37.43)
 - Standard Rate – like TMAC/CMS
 - Excluding Ancillary, Home Health, Facility Charges (except ER/SDS)
 - Adjusted for local geographic price index both Work and Practice
- Value per APC - \$66 (MEPRS B codes ER/SDS) FY11 (68.86)
 - Standard Rate



Two Rebaselining Issues

- Rebaselining for current performance
- Adjusting PPS targets for programmatic adjustments



Rebaselining current performance

- Move from FY07 to FY09 baseline
- Recognize current performance in programmed budget
- This accounts for system changes in past couple of years
- Adjust outyear targets to current performance



Adjusting PPS targets for programmatic adjustments

- Dollars have been added/subtracted from service budgets based on projected changes in health care requirements resulting from line endstrength changes
- PPS baselines need to be adjusted to reflect the anticipated and already budgeted for change in workload
- Service Agreements for production improvements, instead of prior POM adjustments



Moving from budget to PPS workload

- Adjust target based on dollar budget adjustment
 - 807700 O&M plus MILPERS adjustments
 - Must take into account that PPS is not complete
- Apply percentage ratio
 - Program was adjusted based on MEPRS based full cost and claims of providing care to AD and ADFM
 - Use total non-pharmacy MEPRS cost as denominator and PPS value as numerator



POM and Target Impacts including Programmatic with Lag

	POM Adjustment in Millions					
	Army		Navy		AF	
FY03/07 Net Workload Change	\$	103	\$	(33)	\$	17
Workload Increase Commitment	\$	-	\$	33	\$	79
FY10 POM Adjustment	\$	103	\$	-	\$	96
FY09 Programmatic Adjustment (Already Adjusted in POM)	\$	294	\$	4	\$	236
PPS Earnings to MEPRS A/B less Rx ratio		81%		72%		60%
PPS Adjustment for Programmatic Changes FY09		238		3	\$	204
Adjusted FY10 Target	\$	238	\$	36	\$	283

All dollars are FY08 and must be inflated for FY10 execution

FY 2010 PPS Budget Adjustment

- Military Personnel
 - PPS value includes work produced with military personnel
 - However, MilPers is not in the DHP in year of execution

O&M Factor

	FY 10
Army	69%
Navy	52%
AF	35%
Total	55%

- Adjustment =
O&M Adjustment *
(Difference between Most Recent 12 Months Value and FY09
Workload Valued at FY2010 Rates)

- Note: Changed Baseline Year from 2007 to 2009



FY10 Mid Year Summary

	RVUs				APCs				RWPs			Mental Health Days		
	FY09	Rolling 12	FY10 Plan		FY09	Rolling 12	FY10 Plan		FY09	Rolling 12	FY10 Plan	FY09	Rolling 12	FY10 Plan
Army	30,177,999	31,412,270	31,015,010		4,267,545	4,289,766			105,768	105,454	108,887	39,417	38,661	41,064
Navy	18,169,333	18,705,232	17,694,038		2,222,398	2,152,279			54,598	54,951	54,779	21,479	21,931	20,337
Air Force	13,544,108	13,797,703	13,771,202		1,416,849	1,405,760			33,936	34,200	33,218	4,717	4,982	6,469
MHS	61,891,440	63,915,205	62,480,251		7,906,792	7,847,806			194,302	194,605	196,884	65,613	65,574	67,869

PPS Earnings					
FY09			Rolling 12		FY10 Plan
2,722,978,025			2,762,136,291		2,725,352,724
1,521,737,649			1,540,681,378		1,479,118,546
1,021,718,922			1,033,455,362		1,015,206,422
5,266,434,597			5,366,733,040		5,219,677,692

FY05 (Millions \$)

FY06 (Millions \$)

FY07 (Millions \$)

FY08 (Millions \$)

Adjustment	Plan	Mid Year Total	Adjustment	Plan	Mid Year
Army	30.6	8.4	Army	15.4	2.5
Navy	2.2	4.1	Navy	17.3	2.9
Air Force	(2.5)	(4.4)	Air Force	(16.4)	(20.0)
Total	30.3	8.1	Total	16.3	(20.4)

	Adjustment in Millions
Army	29.2
Navy	(17.1)
Air Force	(20.9)
Total	(8.8)

Adjustment	Millions	
	Rolling 12	Plan
Army	20.1	(36.3)
Navy	(9.4)	40.2
Air Force	(6.2)	(57.6)
Summary	4.5	(53.7)

Summary for Performance

Summary Performance	In Millions of Dollars					
	Army		Air Force		Navy	MHS
Workload						
Current Recon (Army Adj)	\$ (4.646)	\$	(15.970)	\$	(21.416)	\$ (42.032)
TBI/PH Workload Requirement	\$ (48.298)	\$	(1.868)	\$	(10.182)	\$ (60.347)
Radiology FY08-09 (Inc O&M adj)	\$ 12.566	\$	2.185	\$	6.313	\$ 21.063
Summary Workload	\$ (40.377)	\$	(15.653)	\$	(25.286)	\$ (81.316)
HEDIS Performance Award	\$ 13.078	\$	7.332	\$	8.366	\$ 28.775
Workload + Performance Award	\$ (27.300)	\$	(8.322)	\$	(16.920)	\$ (52.541)
Army POM Funding Shortage	\$ 42.179					\$ 42.179
Net Adjustment	\$ 14.880	\$	(8.322)	\$	(16.920)	\$ (10.362)



CMS RVU Review/Adjustment

- 5 year review of RVUs
- For CY07 significant change in work RVUs
- Adjusted to emphasize Patient Doctor interaction
- Result in higher RVU for most E&M codes
- Did not dramatically reduce codes for specialists
- However, must have balanced budget
 - Budget Neutrality Factor reduction
 - RVUs multiplied by 0.8994



Impact of Work RVU change on MHS

CY06 MEPRS-B SADR freqs pulled 2/2/2007 from MDR by PPS/BP Product Line
Work RVUs based on MHS Master RVU tables for CY06 and CY07

Data				
PPS/BP Product Line	Sum of CPT COUNT*	Sum of CY06 Work RVU*Count	Sum of CY07 Work RVU* Count	% Change from CY06
DERM	531,795	382,860	410,653	7.3%
ENT	402,139	382,329	420,762	10.1%
ER	3,092,846	1,710,620	2,089,619	22.2%
IM SUB	3,400,834	1,693,588	1,815,849	7.2%
MH	3,701,697	2,787,843	2,831,958	1.6%
OB	2,976,090	1,734,160	1,958,748	13.0%
OPTOM	4,482,029	2,215,681	2,228,524	0.6%
ORTHO	9,027,337	3,221,644	3,360,728	4.3%
OTHER	2,657,843	945,825	989,846	4.7%
PC	21,306,231	11,319,846	13,311,193	17.6%
SURG	529,735	492,782	532,388	8.0%
SURG SUB	494,374	413,021	459,713	11.3%
OTH	4,049	3,445	3,934	14.2%
Grand Total	52,606,999	27,303,646	30,413,915	11.4%

*Includes only CPT codes appearing in both CY06 and CY07 Master RVU tables



Issue of Budget Neutrality Factor

CY06 MEPRS-B SADR freqs pulled 2/2/2007 from MDR by PPS/BP Product Line
Work RVUs based on MHS Master RVU tables for CY06 and CY07

	Data				CMS Adj factor = 0.8994	
PPS/BP Product Line	Sum of CPT COUNT*	Sum of CY06 Work RVU*Count	Sum of CY07 Work RVU* Count	% Change from CY06	CY07 Adjusted	% Change from CY06
DERM	531,795	382,860	410,653	7.3%	369,341	-3.5%
ENT	402,139	382,329	420,762	10.1%	378,434	-1.0%
ER	3,092,846	1,710,620	2,089,619	22.2%	1,879,403	9.9%
IM SUB	3,400,834	1,693,588	1,815,849	7.2%	1,633,174	-3.6%
MH	3,701,697	2,787,843	2,831,958	1.6%	2,547,063	-8.6%
OB	2,976,090	1,734,160	1,958,748	13.0%	1,761,698	1.6%
OPTOM	4,482,029	2,215,681	2,228,524	0.6%	2,004,334	-9.5%
ORTHO	9,027,337	3,221,644	3,360,728	4.3%	3,022,639	-6.2%
OTHER	2,657,843	945,825	989,846	4.7%	890,268	-5.9%
PC	21,306,231	11,319,846	13,311,193	17.6%	11,972,087	5.8%
SURG	529,735	492,782	532,388	8.0%	478,830	-2.8%
SURG SUB	494,374	413,021	459,713	11.3%	413,466	0.1%
OTH	4,049	3,445	3,934	14.2%	3,538	2.7%
Grand Total	52,606,999	27,303,646	30,413,915	11.4%	27,354,275	0.2%

*Includes only CPT codes appearing in both CY06 and CY07 Master RVU tables



Expanding Pay for Performance to Match the Vision

- Premise: MHS Value is predicated on three elements
 - Outputs - the volume of work that we accomplish, measured currently by RVUs/APCs and RWPs/Bed Days
 - Incomplete
 - Outcomes - often measured via factors such as HEDIS/JCAHO
 - Customer Satisfaction
- Our focus to date has been centered on productivity (Outputs) as the MHS source of value for the Department.
- Goal: Create a financial mechanism for the direct care system that will emphasize value measures for outcomes and customer satisfaction in a balanced fashion with outputs



Performance Planning Integrated Project Team

- The Joint Health Operations Council (JHOC) chartered a Performance Planning Integrated Project Team (IPT)
 - Create a revised incentive structure and planning approach aligned with the Quadruple Aim
 - The approach encompasses the total beneficiary population
 - Direct and Purchased
 - Prime, Standard
 - Piloted at six sites in 2010.



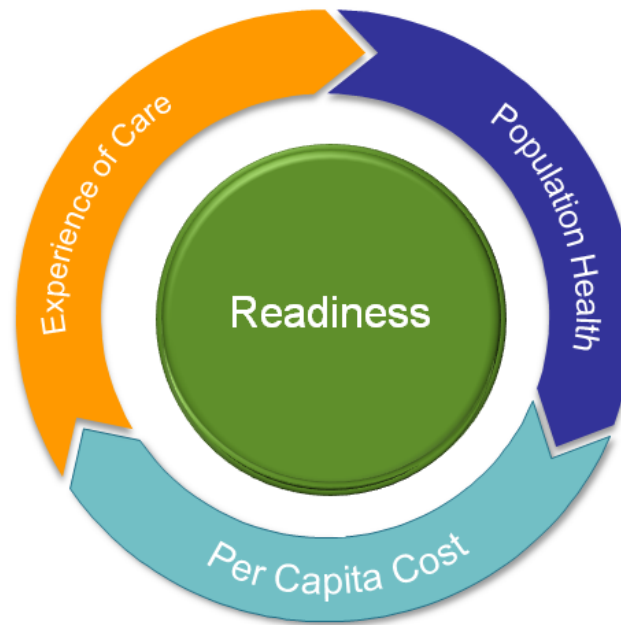
Recap - The Quadruple Aim

Readiness

Ensuring that the total military force is medically ready to deploy and that the medical force is ready to deliver health care anytime, anywhere in support of the full range of military operations, including humanitarian missions.

Experience of Care

Providing a care experience that is patient and family centered, compassionate, convenient, equitable, safe and always of the highest quality.



Population Health

Improving the health of a population by encouraging healthy behaviors and reducing the likelihood of illness through focused prevention and the development of increased resilience.

Per Capita Cost

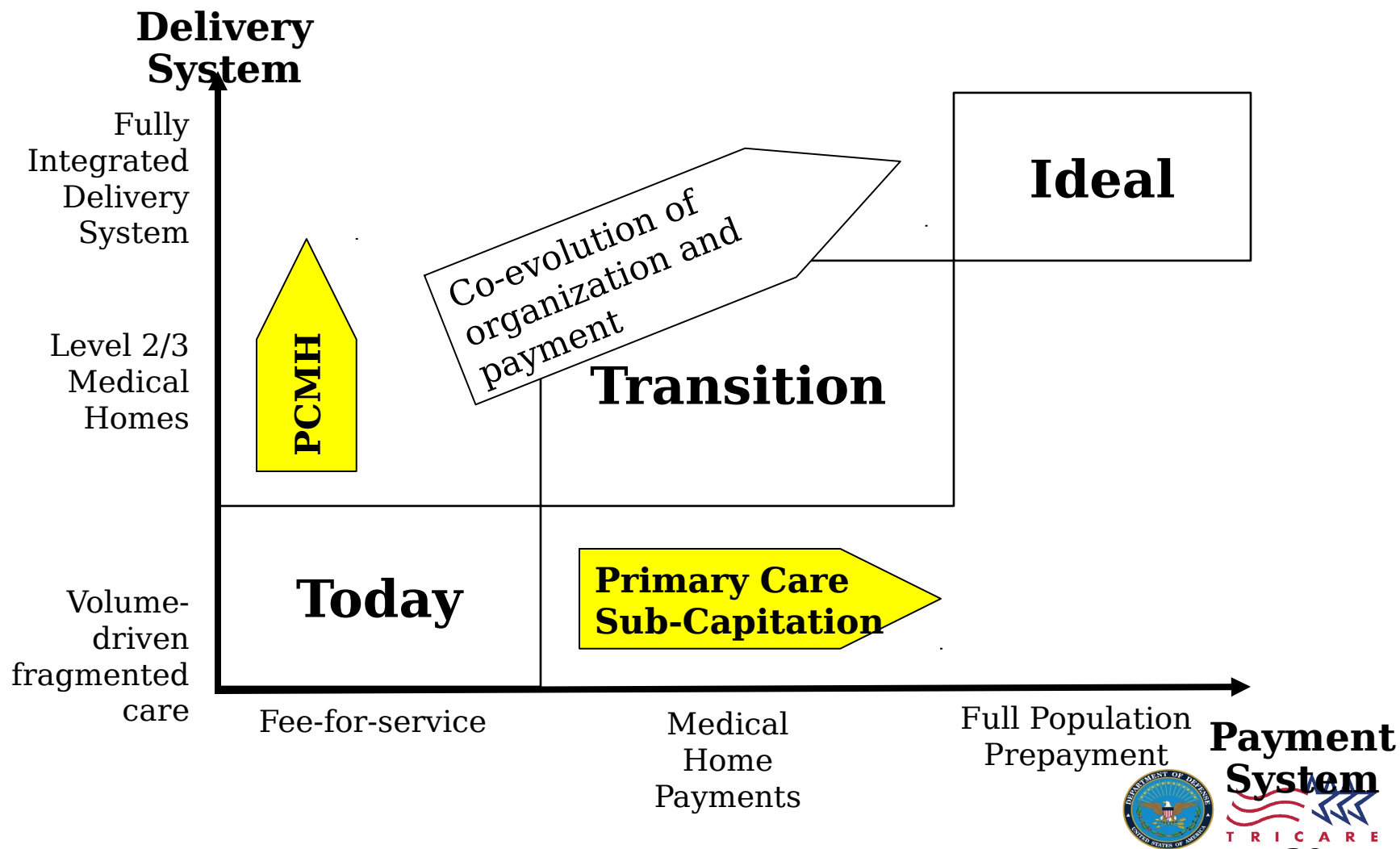
Creating value by focusing on quality, eliminating waste, and reducing unwarranted variation; considering the total cost of care over time, not just the cost of an individual health event.

Incorporating the Quadruple Aim in PPS

- For PPS, incorporating the Quadruple Aim involves two changes:
 - Consider changes in the way we measure health care that will incentivize lower per capita costs
 - Consider adjustments based on performance in experience of care and population health
 - Incorporate measures for readiness



Transition In Both Payment and Delivery Systems



Adapted From "From Volume To Value: Better Ways To Pay For Health Care", Health Affairs, Sep/Oct 2009.



Value-Based Incentive Design Plan – Summary

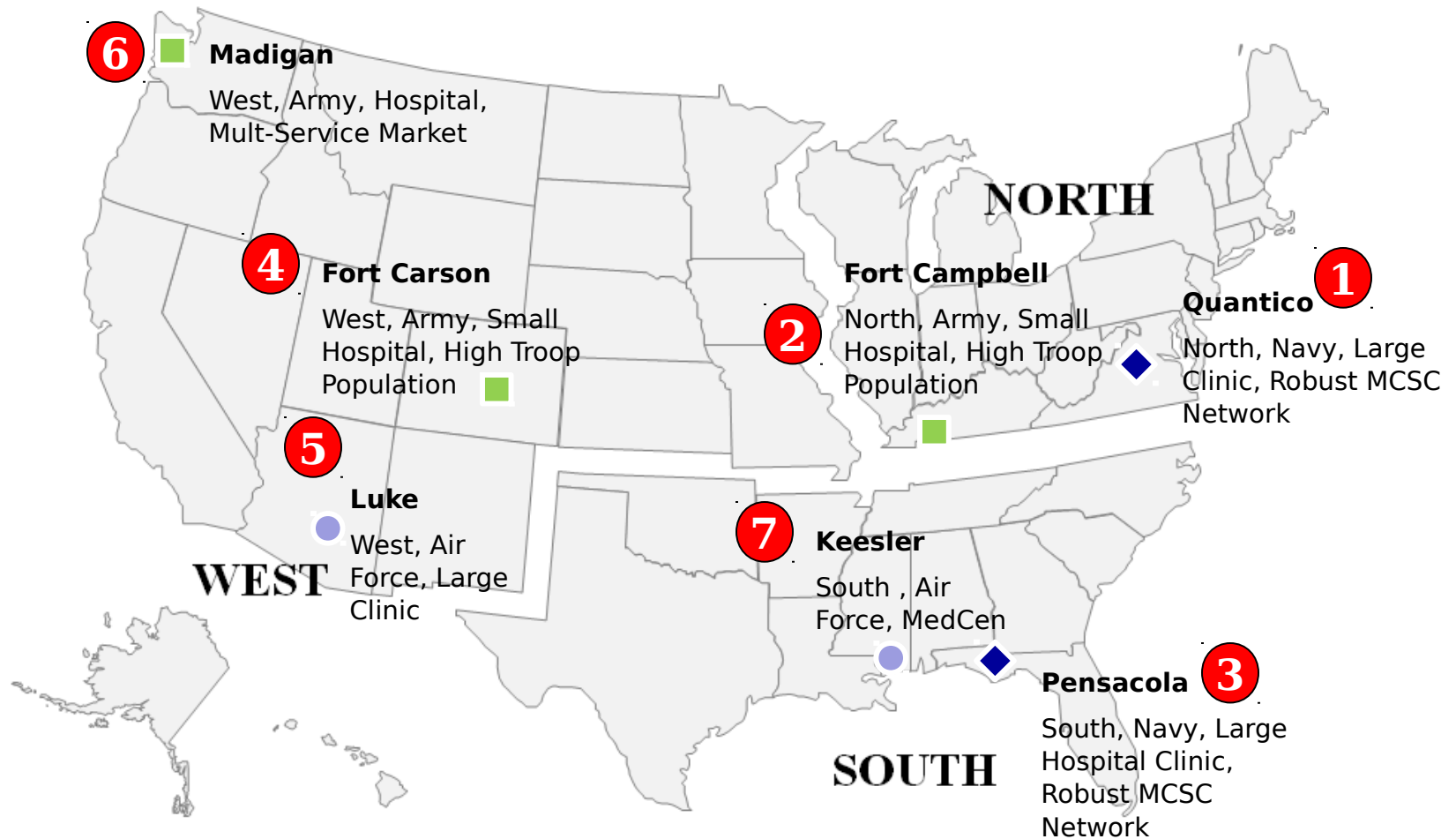
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Activity		Funding Approach for MTFs		Primary Impact on Quadruple Aim				MCSC AFB Adjustment	Primary Impact on Quadruple Aim			
		Direct Payment	Adjustment	Readiness	Population Health	Experience of Care	Per Capita Cost		Readiness	Population Health	Experience of Care	Per Capita Cost
1 Readiness		(FFS Rate) X (No. of Dental Services and PHAs)	+/-	Reducing Rate of Indeterminate IMR	X	X		N/A				
2 Wellness		TBD	+/-	TBD	X	X	X	TBD	X	X	X	?
3 Prevention		(FFS Rate) X (No. of Preventative Services)	+/-	HEDIS (Breast Cancer Screens; Colorectal Cancer Screens; Cervical Cancer Screens; Well-child Visits)		X	?	HEDIS (Breast Cancer Screens, Colorectal Cancer Screens; Cervical Cancer Screens)		X		?
4 Primary Care		(FFS Rate) X (Primary Care RVUs Including Virtual Visits)	+/-	Satisfaction, Access, Continuity, Use of "Outsourced" Care; HEDIS (Asthma, Diabetes, Behavioral Health)			X	PCM Continuity, Decreased ER Utilization, HEDIS (Asthma, Diabetes, Behavioral Health)			X	X
5 Operating as a PCMH		(Tiered Per Enrollee PCMH Bonus) X (No. Enrollees at Each PCMH Level)	+/-	None	X	X	X	TBD	X	X	X	X
6 Caring for Specific Populations – Episodic Conditions		(Episodic Rate) X (No. Episodes)	+/-	Episode Outcomes TBD		X	X	TBD			X	X
7 Caring for Specific Populations – Chronic Conditions		(Bundled Rate) X (No. Chronic Disease Enrollees)	+/-	Health Outcomes TBD		X	X	TBD			X	X
8 Other Specialty Care		(FFS Rate) X (No. of Ambulatory RVUs)	+/-	Decrease in un-appointed referrals, Coordination of Care	X		X	Decrease in un-appointed referrals	X		X	X
9 Inpatient Care		(FFS Rate) X (No. of Inpatient RVPs)	+/-	ORYX, GME, Patient Safety, Decrease in un-appointed referrals, Coordination of Care	X		X	Decrease in un-appointed referrals	X		X	X
10 Management of PMPM		None	+/-	Overall Management of PMPM			X	Overall Management of PMPM				X

Notes

- The objective of the Performance Planning pilots is to focus MTR and TRO plans on what can be done to improve performance as it relates to the Quadruple Aim. Developing extrinsic, MTF/TRO/MCSC level incentives is only one enabler toward this end. MTFs and TROs are encouraged to think more broadly in their Performance Plans.
- Different pilots may focus on different areas. Such and focus and the rationale for the focus should be described in the individual Performance Plans.
- For inpatient and specialty care in particular, the rewards for more complex care is manifested in higher payment rates built into the reimbursement
- PCMH levels are based on meeting the criteria described in the NCQA PPC-PCMH Standards. NCQA has defined three levels of recognition for the PCMH. To be rated at Level 1, a practice must have an overall score of 25-49 points and at least a 50% score on five of the must-pass elements. Level 2 requires 50-74 points and at least a 50% score on all ten must-pass elements. Level 3 requires 75-100 points and at least a 50% score on all ten must-pass elements.
- Gray indicates that the activity will not be a focus for the Year 1 pilots

Pilot Sites



■ Army ◆ Navy ● Air Force



Notional Performance Improvement Matrix

3. Performance Improvement Plan

Section 3 of Proposed Performance Plan Template

Table 2 highlights the performance gaps on which we will focus, the initiatives that are intended to improve performance, and the performance adjustment that may be earned as a result of meeting the targets.

Table 2: Performance Improvement Matrix

Quadruple Aim	Strategic Imperative	Performance Measure	Our Current Perf.	MHS Target (FY10)	Our Target	Initiative	Performance Based Adjustment*
Readiness	Individual Medical Readiness	Individual Medical Readiness	80%	80%	80%		YES
	Psychological Health	Psychological Distress Screens, Referral and Engagement	-	-	-		
Experience of Care	Wounded Warrior Care	MEBs Completed Within 30 Days	80%	80%	80%		
		MEB Experience Rating	50%	45%	50%		
		Effectiveness of Care for Complex Medical / Social Problems	-	-	-		
	24/7 Access to Your Team	Getting Needed Care Rate	59%	78%	65%	(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation; (3) Secure Messaging	
		Getting Timely Care Rate	61%	78%	67%	(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation; (3) Secure Messaging	
	Personal Relationship with Your Doctor	Percent of Visits Where MTF Enrollees See Their PCM	44%	60%	58%	(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation	YES
		Satisfaction with Health Care	51%	60%	58%	(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation	YES
	Evidence Based Care	ORYX Index	83%	80%	83%		YES
Population Health	Engaging Patients in Healthy Behaviors	HEDIS – Adhering to CPGs	19	20	21	(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation	YES
		HEDIS – Preventive Screens				(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation	YES
		Percent of Patients Advised to Stop Smoking	-	-	-		
Per Capita Cost	Value Based Incentives and Reimbursements	Annual Increase in Cost Per Equivalent Life (PMPM)	8.3%	6.0%	5%		YES
		Enrollee Utilization of Emergency Services	73	69	70	(1) NCQA Level 2 Accreditation; (3) Secure Messaging	YES
		Impact of Deployment on MTFs	-	-	-		
Learning & Growth	Deliver information to People so They Can Make Better Decisions	User Assessment of EHR Functionality	-	-	-		
	Using Research to Improve Performance		-	-	-		
	Fully Capable MHS Workforce		-	-	-		

Current performance of pilot site

MHS Target

Target Performance of Pilot Site

Financial Incentive Included in Pilot

Not included in reimbursement methodology

Issues to Consider

- All MTFs need to Ensure Timely data submission
- Professional Services
 - Professional services should be coded this year for Inpatient
 - Approximately 80% complete (20% lost value)
 - Began 1 Oct 2002
 - Accurate coding
 - Ensure proper coding for services
 - Need to ensure coding matches documentation
 - Eventually audit adjustments to claims
- Non Provider specialty codes (Generic Clinics)
 - Last year workload accepted was FY06
 - FY07 forward no workload credit
- Treatment of Enrollees
 - Quality payments will rely on accurate identification of Enrollees
 - Documentation of treatment for Preventive Services
- Workload Trending
 - Budget Neutrality Factor used for CY06 and earlier



Questions?



Back Up Slides



IME Factors

DMIS	Name	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY09	FY10
0014	DAVID GRANT	1.4141	1.3765	1.5737	1.5996	1.6313	1.5676	1.3485	1.2930
0024	PENDLETON	1.2895	1.1860	1.1681	1.1848	1.1828	1.1739	1.1304	1.1476
0029	SAN DIEGO	1.6415	1.5067	1.5067	1.5173	1.4929	1.4588	1.4554	1.5370
0037	WALTER REED	1.5849	1.5175	1.5265	1.5523	1.5368	1.5824	1.5061	1.6961
0038	PENSACOLA	1.2692	1.2269	1.2269	1.2302	1.1938	1.1713	1.2092	1.2045
0039	JACKSONVILLE	1.3484	1.2954	1.2911	1.2944	1.2866	1.2669	1.2690	1.2086
0042	EGLIN	1.2544	1.2801	1.3120	1.3202	1.2622	1.1859	1.1928	1.2346
0047	EISENHOWER	1.2772	1.2216	1.2208	1.2318	1.2096	1.2352	1.2031	1.2249
0048	MARTIN	1.2230	1.1733	1.1462	1.1547	1.1477	1.1422	1.1408	1.1498
0052	TRIPLER	1.3792	1.3249	1.3319	1.3482	1.3987	1.3813	1.4400	1.4859
0055	SCOTT	1.3377	1.2983	1.3119	1.3034	1.2689	1.2554	1.0000	1.0000
0066	MALCOLM GROW	1.3646	1.3306	1.3898	1.4492	1.4366	1.4199	1.3663	1.2949
0067	BETHESDA	1.6914	1.5430	1.5413	1.4705	1.4139	1.3984	1.3493	1.3882
0073	KEESLER	1.4844	1.3613	1.2533	1.4352	1.4806	1.0000	1.0737	1.0737
0078	EHRLING BERGQUIST	1.3313	1.3286	1.3961	1.5929	1.3220	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
0086	KELLER	1.0114	1.0309	1.0417	1.0398	1.0394	1.0372	1.0379	1.0394
0089	WOMACK	1.1396	1.1176	1.1254	1.1259	1.1187	1.1460	1.1425	1.1471
0091	LEJ EUNE	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0621	1.0604	1.0976	1.0637	1.0548
0095	WRIGHT-PATTERSON	1.6438	1.6523	1.7406	1.6789	1.6153	1.5976	1.3764	1.4453
0108	WILLIAM BEAUMONT	1.2425	1.1995	1.1971	1.2033	1.2267	1.2041	1.2129	1.2461
0109	BROOKE	1.5289	1.4459	1.4553	1.4776	1.4565	1.4353	1.4474	1.5329
0110	DARNALL	1.1182	1.0996	1.0996	1.1035	1.0977	1.0914	1.0987	1.0932
0117	WILFORD HALL	1.5818	1.4904	1.6006	1.6300	1.5887	1.5694	1.5887	1.6467
0123	DEWITT	1.2275	1.1883	1.1883	1.1942	1.1920	1.2071	1.1974	1.2011
0124	PORTSMOUTH	1.3389	1.3066	1.3066	1.3216	1.3126	1.3005	1.2684	1.3324
0125	MADIGAN	1.6389	1.5363	1.5630	1.5438	1.4788	1.4499	1.4534	1.4947
0126	BREMERTON	1.1716	1.1701	1.1817	1.1902	1.2009	1.1977	1.1858	1.1783

Value of 1.0 is used if there is no IME to zero out calculation in reconciliation.

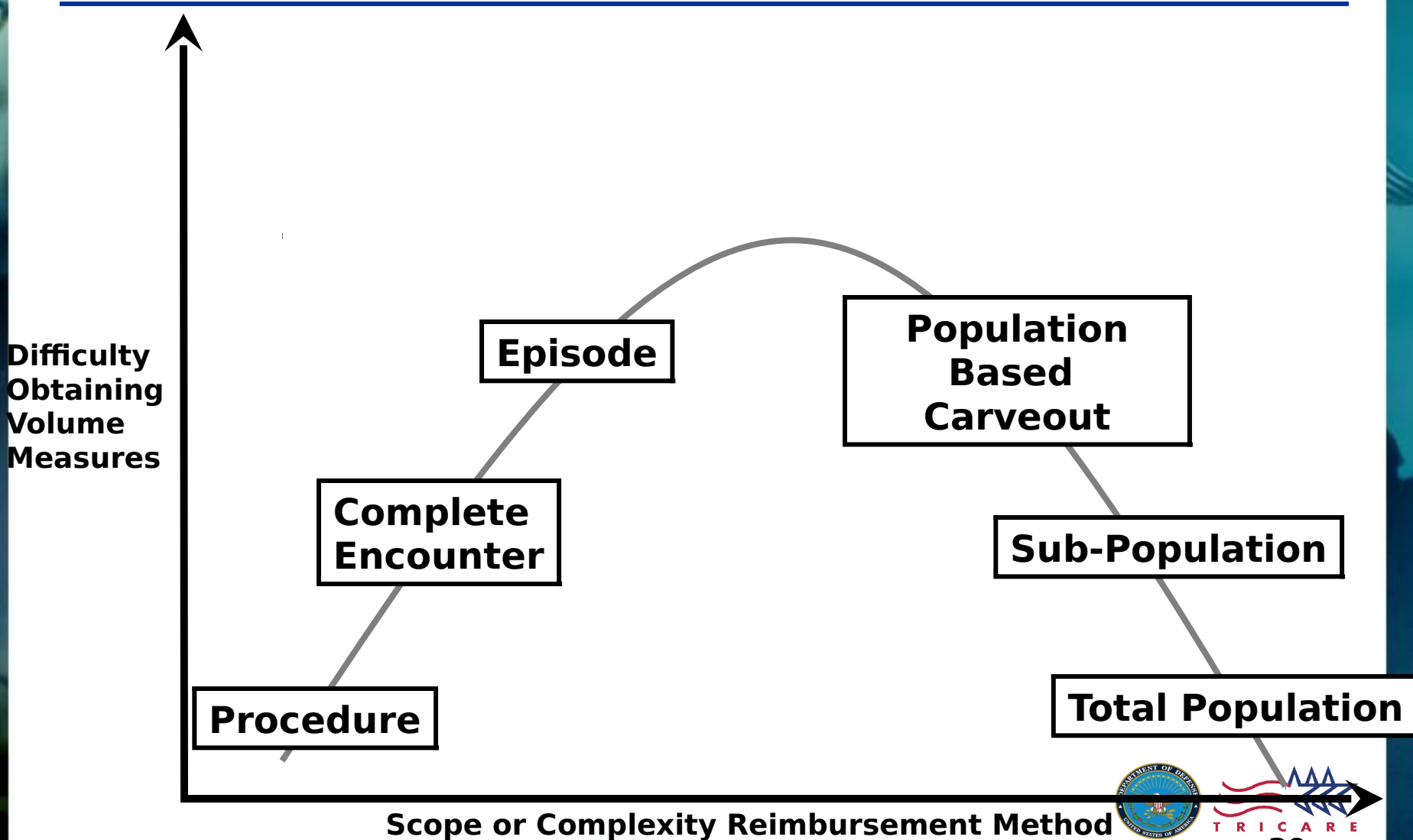


Value of External Workload

Sum of Total \$			FY	FM				
			2008					
Service	Tmt DMIS	Tmt DMIS ID Name	1	2	3	4	5	
A	2001	AUGUSTA VET ADMIN MED CTR	4,350	3,593	3,052	2,410		
	5434	SAMARITAN MEDICAL CENTER	81,363	72,418	70,247	60,728		
	5435	CARTHAGE AREA HOSPITAL	841	388	478			
A Total			86,554	76,399	73,777	63,138		
F	5467	TAMPA GEN HOSPITAL (CIVILIAN)	17,054	19,060	7,524			
	5468	TAMPA BAY SURG CENTER-CIVILIAN	3,009	6,520	3,009			
	5469	DELL E. WEBB MEM HOSP-CIVILIAN	5,081	8,336	2,741	4,378		
	5470	BANNER ESTRELLA MED CNTR-CIVLN	21,490	18,900	14,780	19,516		
F Total			46,633	52,815	28,053	23,894		
N	2002	NORTH CHICAGO VETERANS MED CTR	41,795	53,969	32,007	7,836		
	5401	NEWPORT HOSPITAL (CIVILIAN)	32,793	19,789	28,216	19,231		
	5402	TRIDENT REGIONAL MEDICAL CTR	77,897	75,629	60,325	45,729		
	5405	SPOHN HC SYS-CORPUS CHRISTI	32,476	29,321	25,244	43,282	2,422	
	5407	BEAUFORT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	23,740	33,675	36,463	2,577		
	5408	ANNE ARUNDEL MEDICAL CENTER (CIVILIAN)	13,140	8,153	6,359			
	5410	SACRED HEART HOSPITAL	397	397	79			
N Total			222,239	220,933	188,694	118,655	2,422	
Grand Total			355,426	350,148	290,524	205,687	2,422	



Reimbursement Approaches



Parameters

- Boundaries
 - What's in, what's out
- Risk Adjustment
 - Weighting based on expected differences
- Rate
 - Prospective Payment
- Catastrophic Cases
 - Treatment of outliers
- Quality
 - Rewards for experience of care and population health



Strawman

	Funding Approaches	Boundaries	Risk Adjustment	Rate	Catastrophic Cases	Possible Quality Adjustment
1	Readiness	MENBA Activities	None	FFS	None	Indeterminate IMR
2	Wellness	Beneficiary Behavior Activities	None	FFS	None	Healthy behavior measures
3	Prevention	Prevention activities such as mammographies	None	FFS based on RVUs	None	HEDIS
4	Primary Care	Excluding prevention activities and specific populations	None	FFS based on RVUs	None	Access, Sat, ER use, continuity, etc
5	Operating as a PCMH	Management of enrolled population	Age/Gender	Management fee	None	PCMH Standards
6	Specific Populations: Chronic Disease	All care for specific population related to disease	Stages of Disease	PC + Condition capitation	>\$150 K	HEDIS/ORYX
7	Specific Populations: Acute Conditions	Specific to condition	Condition Specific	Episode Payment	>\$25 K	Episode specific Outcomes
8	Other specialty	Excluding any care in 2-7	None	FFS	None	
9	Other inpatient	Excluding any care in 2-7	None	FFS	None	ORYX
10	Managing per capita costs	All care to an enrolled population	None	None	None	PMPM

Possible MTF Value Structure for Pilot

MTF Value =

- + FFS Rate X # Dental exams and PHAs + IMR P4P**
- + FFS Rate X # of preventive services + HEDIS P4P**
- + FFS rate X primary care RVUs + Sat/Access/Continuity/HEDIS P4P**
- + Management fee (Based on PCMH Standards) X # of enrollees**
- + FFS rate X other ambulatory RVUs/APCs**
- + FFS rate X other inpatient RWPs/Beddays + ORYX P4P**
- +/- Adjustment for performance on Per Capita Costs**

- Budget Neutrality for the MHS may results in decreases to RVU/RWP payments

Industry Standard Workload

- Inpatient/Outpatient vs. Institutional/Professional
- Industry Based Workload Alignment (IBWA)
 - Rounds capture 2yrs old (appx 80% complete)
 - Full Inpatient professional workload capture began last year
 - Enhanced SADR (Standard Provider ID plus Modifiers)
 - Would allow PPS value to follow more closely TMAC
 - Would allow credit for professional work done away from facility
 - External Resource Sharing
 - Circuit Riders
 - Joint Facilities
- Full RVU vice Simple Work RVU



FY08 Summary Quality Payment

	HEDIS	ORYX	Plan	Care	Comm	Access	Total
Army	\$ 2,092	\$ 558	\$ 5,400	\$ 4,621	\$ 5,795	\$ 2,612	\$ 21,078
Air Force	\$ 1,230	\$ 517	\$ 6,230	\$ 2,062	\$ 4,481	\$ 4,458	\$ 18,978
Navy	\$ 1,563	\$ 710	\$ 2,038	\$ 4,154	\$ 4,795	\$ 1,278	\$ 14,538
Total	\$ 4,885	\$ 1,785	\$ 13,668	\$ 10,837	\$ 15,071	\$ 8,348	\$ 54,594



Initial FY09 Proposed P4P Payment

Measures	Value Range
HEDIS	\$18M-\$25M
ORYX	\$1M
Health Plan	\$8M-\$10M
Health Care	\$5M
Communication	\$12M
Needed Care	\$7M-\$14M
PCM Appt	\$4M-\$8M
Total	\$55M-\$75M

- Due to Funding issues there was not an adjustment for FY09



MENBA Pilot Project

- **QDR: “Capture the quantity, value, and expense of readiness and military-unique services provided by MHS activities”**
- Identify and List all Mission Essential/Non-Benefit Activities (MENBA) performed in the MHS
- On-site visits
 - 6 MTFs (1 small & 1 Large from each Service)
 - MTF Participation:
 - Coordinate Schedule
 - Provide limited Documents (e.g., Committees List, Additional Duties Rosters, etc.)
 - Be Part of the Team, Part of the Project!
- Work with MENBA WG to “sort out”, classify & develop Taxonomy for activities



Project Update

- MENBA WG has met multiple times
- Several meetings with Altarum & Project Lead
- All Services have Identified MTFs & POCs
- All MTFs are done
 - Seymour Johnson AFB, Travis AFB, Pendleton MCB, Ft Benning, Ft Hood, NNMC Bethesda
- Specialty working groups reviewed activities
 - First meetings in April/May
 - Reviewed information to see what activities should be MENBA
 - Future work will included how to value and report



Working MENBA List

(Working Activity Classes*)

IMR/DNBI Prevention/Occupational Health	Approved NonBenefit Clinical Activity	Military Unique Clinical Activity	Military Unique NonClinical Activity	Deployment Readiness	Military Unique Training	GME/GDE
Base agency support	Health Prom (HP)/Adm	Aerovac	Activity Support	Administration	Commanders Call	GDE
Base Meetings	HP/Classes	Ambulance Support	Additional Duties	Base Support	Communication	GME/GDE Adm
Deployment/Preparation	HP/Communication	Appointments	Agency support	Communications	Conference	GME/Prog Directors
Deployment/During	HP/Evaluation	Backfill	Ceremony	Deployment/Adm	Exercise Trg	GME/Residents
Deployment/After	HP/AD Fitness	Blood Program	Commander	Deployment/Mobility	First Term Enlisted	GME/Med Students
Drug screening	HP/HAWC	Boards	Community	Deployment/Response	Fitness	GME/Teaching Staff
First Aid	HP/Health Fairs	Call	Compliance Program	Exercises	Job Specific	
Immunizations	HP/Health Month	Clinical Investigations	Decedent	Homeland Security	Leadership Dev	
IMR program	HP/Pop Health	Care	Ethics	Humanitarian Mission	Pop Health	
JUMPSTART	HP/Screening	Clinical Networks	Food Service	Logistics/WRM	Readiness Trg/CBRNE	
Medical Right Start	Vision Correction	Inspections	Legal	NDMS	Readiness Trg/Core Specific	
Occup Health/Adm		Dental	Logistics	Plans	Readiness Trg/Envi	
Occup Health/HazMat		Diagnostics & Therapeutics	Information Services	Team	Readiness Trg/Ordinance	
Occup Health/Hearing		Family Advocacy	MOU/MOA	Threat	Readiness Trg/Rescue	
Occup Health/Safety		Flight Medicine/ Line Consultation	Orderly room		Readiness Trg/Rules	
Occup Health/Screening		Flight Medicine/ Operational Med	Patient Adm TRICARE		Readiness Trg/Terrorism	
Occup Health/Radiation		Flight Medicine/ Deployment Medicine	Plant Management		Readiness Trg/Unit	
Occup Health/Respiratory		Flight Medicine/ Disaster Response	Protocol		Reservists	
Occup Health/Water		Hyperbaric Medicine	Public Affairs		Safety	
Physiological Training		Life Skills	Resource Management			
Public/Env Health/Adm		Medical Management	Vehicle Program			
Public/Env Health/Emp Health		Nursing				
Public/Env Health/HIV		Patient relations				
Public/Env Health/Screening		Pharmacy				
Public/Env Health/Surveillance		PRP				
Public/Env Health/STD		Profiles				
Public/Env Health/TB		QA/Credentials				
Veterinary Prog/Animal		Screening				
Veterinary Prog/Food		Supervision				
Veterinary Prog/Vector		Support				
		Training				
		Volunteers				
Total 483	Total 115	Total 369	Total 369	Total 184	Total 152	Total 110

*As of 5 Feb 2007



Mission Essential Non-Benefit Activities (MENBA)

- **QDR: “Capture the quantity, value, and expense of readiness and military-unique services provided by MHS activities”**

- ✓ Identify and List all Mission Essential/Non-Benefit Activities (MENBA) performed in the MHS
- ✓ Classify & develop Taxonomy for activities
 - Measure volume of activities
 - Develop “value”
 - Incorporate into budget process



MENBA Current Study

**Occupational
Health/Public
Health**

**Health
Promotion
& Wellness**

**Military
Unique
Clinical**

**Military
Unique
Non-Clinical**

**Readiness,
Plans, Ops &
Deployment**

**GME
&
GDE**

**Military
Unique
Training**

127 Activity Groups

**Wide spread/
Universal**

**Chance of
Success**

Importance

**Resource
Utilization**

Volume

**4 Activity Groups
for current study**

**Disability
Evaluation System
("Boards")**

**Hearing Conservation/
Hearing Program**

**Patient
Movement**

**Health
Education**



Next Steps – Longer Term

- Expand RBRVS to cover as many of the MENBA activities as possible
- Incorporate MENBA RBRVS into budget process
 - Build into Business Plans
 - Justify/adjust MTF budgets based on value of activities produced

